

RECEIVED 19 SEP 2016

Doctor J

I need to tell you because I know they are going to kill me soon. I can't fight all of them much longer.

When my mum died I was 8 and my brother raped and tortured me until I was put in Geveland Lotd school when I was 13.

My dad was always drunk and we never had anything to eat most of the time. I was left in the house on my own until I went to the home.

The voices started when I was around 9. I stole my brother's car when I was 12 and smashed it. It felt really good but I was beaten to a pulp because of it.

Since then I have always

not remembered driving
any car. I suppose I do
it because I am in
control of it for a charge.

Since my brother died the
voices are worse than ever
I hear them in my head
and out it. I hear them
on the T.V & radio and
on the phone.

I hear their voice when
people talk to me and I
see their faces most of
the time.

They tell me to say things
so I don't get away
from them, they beat
my mum up if I say
anything wrong and I
am scared they will
hurt her

I hear them talking outside
my door all the time. I
hear my name and what
I am and what is going
to happen to me.

they said they killed Dr Campbell because I was beginning to trust her and I thought I killed her for trusting her. She transferred me every where with her and then they said they had killed her.

I hear my mum screaming that my brother is hurting her and the Devil tells me he will stop it if I kill some people for him.

I have been violent to so many people and lied and forced them away from me so I don't get them hurt.

I have 4 different people who are in my head 28 people shouting in my head.

They tell me how to act to different people so they never get found out.

Duncan, William, Hugh are there names. Duncan is the evil violent one and who

4

used to rape me and
urinate on me. He makes
me fight and scream and
shout with people. I try
so hard for him not to
come out

They tell me the food is
poisoned but to eat it
so my mum will not
get hurt.

My brother says if I tell
anyone they will all
keep beating my mum up
and then start on my
Dad.

They said I have killed
my Mum & Dad & Sister in
law and brother because I
am not killing anyone.

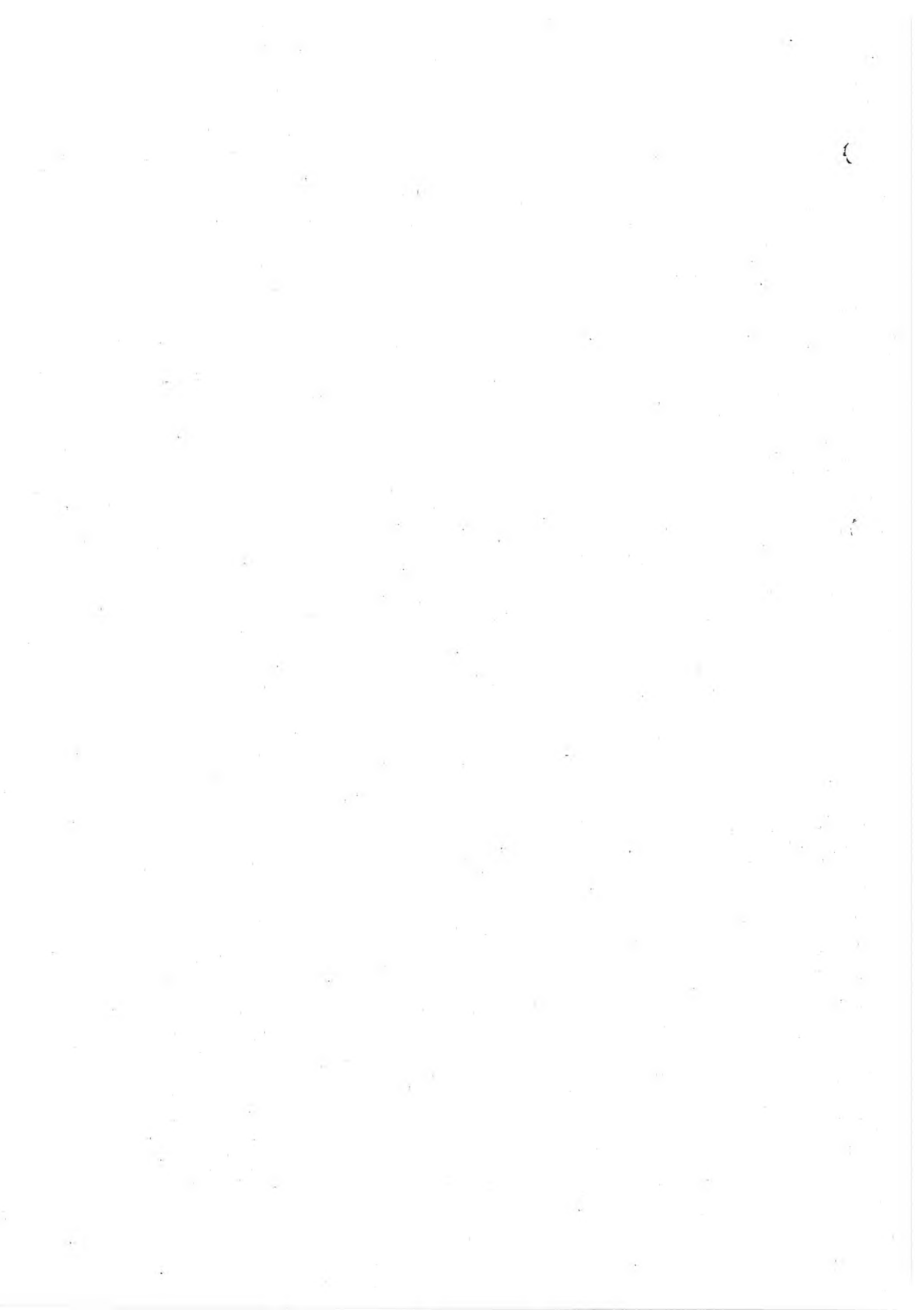
They call me names and
scream at me if I act
the wrong way with people

All things that I can't go
into. I'm just tired
now Dr J. I'm just old
and tired.

I've always managed to lie and hide everything, but I need some peace. I need to rest.

I love my mum and just need them to stop hurting her. I talk to her all the time but she is crying more & more & they all all hurting her. I need you to tell them to stop hurting her please.

I'm in so much trouble for telling you but I think you can tell them to stop hurting her



13/9/16

Andy Shau
3222 Seg. Unit
C.P.M.P. Addressee
West Lothian

Dr Johnathon

I just want to ask for you not to go and leave me like everyone else does.

People think its easy but its not. Im tired of fighting them and I cant do it if I have no-one to trust or talk too.

Prison doesnt help, all it does is mould you into something else because your problem is still there when you get out.

Ive spent 28 years in prison due to CAB and I ask that you help me please because I dont want to do it any more, Im asking for you to help me.

Dr Campbell left when I trusted her & they were saying they had killed her and everything. Ive distanced myself from everyone so they cant hurt them but the struggle is hard & hard & I cant do it for much longer.

I hide a lot of what

is in my head, I lie about
 the violence of all the things they
 ask me to do. I hide behind
 lots of different people because
 it keeps me safe in my head. I
 really need to know you not going
 to leave like Dr Campbell because
 I don't want to be this way any
 more. You need to be somebody in
 front of people, you can't allow them
 to see how troubled you are. I lied
 to Dr Baker, Dr Baird, Dr Sorlie, all
 of them because I am afraid. I am
 afraid of who I am I don't get
 peace day or night of the things
 they want me to do get harder &
 harder. I'm scared. I need your
 help because I am running out
 of strength. I need to know what
 to do.

Lanarkshire Forensic Mental Health
Service

Carluke Community Health Centre,
Chapel Street,
CARLUKE,
ML8 4BA

PRIVATE & CONFIDENTIAL

Dr Wylie
Mavor Medical Practice,
Hunter Health Centre,
Andrew Street,
East Kilbride,
Glasgow,
G74 1AD

Date dictated: 15/08/2016
Date typed: 16/08/2016
CHI: 2104673933
Our Ref: RJ/AR
Your Ref: _____

Enquiries to: Secretary
Direct Line: 01555 777 481
Facsimile: 01555 777 482

Dear Dr Wylie

RE: Andrew Shaw
DOB: 01-04-1967
Address: 30 Douglas Drive, East Kilbride, G75 8JS

Below please find a copy of my recent report on Mr Shaw.

I reviewed Mr Shaw following a request from Hamilton Sheriff's court to assess fitness to stand trial. Mr Shaw had been arrested on 10th August for driving without insurance and whilst disqualified from driving. The account from the court was that it was a "routine stop" by police and that he had not brought any undue attention to himself through his driving.

The reasons for the court request:

1. Mr Shaw mentioned that he was a psychiatric patient.
2. There were concerns about his mental health.

Mr Shaw is well known to me and his presentation was in keeping with previous meetings. He was mildly distressed, tearful and wiping his hands in an agitated manner. There was no objective evidence that he was experiencing any hallucinations. His mood was low but he improved and was less tearful at the end of our session.

He gave a coherent account of events and was fully oriented.

His version of his arrest was similar to what the liaison officer told me. Mr Shaw believed that he was stopped by police because they were using number plate scanning devices and thereby discovered that the car was uninsured. He said that he was then stopped by police, arrested and then taken to police cells and later brought to court, but was unsure about time scales.

Mr Shaw explained the events leading to his arrest. He said that in recent weeks his voices had worsened and was causing increased stress. He reported the voices telling him to "kill yourself", "come with me" and "drive that motor". He repeatedly said during the interview: "I don't want to do this" and "I just want peace...I want a normal life". He said that he had tried to contact me a few days (but I had been on annual leave). He said that he was finding it increasingly difficult to cope with the voices and that 5 days ago, had taken an overdose of Valium (240mg in total) with the intention of committing suicide. He said that he slept for 2 days. He said the he wanted to die to get peace [from the voices], but that he did not want to kill himself. He reported that the voices were now constant.

He reported that over the past few weeks he had resisted the instructions of the voices to drive. I believe that he was aware that this would be an offence. When challenged that he knowingly broke the law, he denied this and said that he was unable to resist and was unaware of his actions, and that "everything was a blank for the past 3 days". I find this hard to accept as he provided a coherent account of events yesterday and prior to it; he was able to recall getting arrested soon after he had started driving from his house and that he had not been driving in a reckless or dangerous manner.

His last depot medication was on 30th June. He said that he stopped attending because he believed "there was something in it". Mr Shaw said that he usually spends his time on his own, at home watching TV and movies on Netflix and Sky. He denied any contact with negative peer influences, or that he had been driving. He reported that he usually walked to his local shops to buy food and that he only bought sealed pre-cooked food which he warmed in his microwave oven.

He denied any alcohol or illicit drug use. The recent overdose of valium was the only recent use of medication other than his prescribed medication.

Summary, opinion and recommendations

Mr Shaw is known to our service and was recently admitted to our low secure forensic ward following a previous offence. He has a diagnosis of emotionally unstable personality disorder on a background of childhood emotional abuse and neglect. He has an extensive history of traffic and driving offences which is linked to periods of deterioration in his mental state.

Presently, Mr Shaw does appear to have experienced deterioration in his mental state, most likely due to poor compliance with medication. There has been an increase in his auditory hallucinations, paranoid ideation, low mood and a recent suicide attempt. He has ongoing thoughts of dying but no active suicidal intentions. He was fully oriented and gave a coherent account of events. There were no objective signs of psychosis.

Notwithstanding this deterioration in his mental state, I believe that he was aware of his actions when he was driving, that he was disqualified from driving and that he was committing an offence. He is able to follow and understand court proceedings and instruct his solicitor accordingly. It is my opinion that he is fit to stand trial and to offer a plea.

In my opinion he does not require admission to hospital under an Assessment or Treatment Order.

If charges are dropped, Mr Shaw does not require admission to hospital, informally or under civil procedures. Despite his poor compliance with medication he has engaged well and sought help

prior to the commission of this offence. I unfortunately was on annual leave and Mr Shaw did not seek further support. I will continue to see Mr Shaw. He has also recently started individual psychological therapy and is keen to continue with this.

In my view, a custodial sentence would achieve little, as his driving offences are the result of a dysfunctional coping mechanism he employs to deal with his psychiatric problems and because the appropriate mental health services are not available in prison. However, if the court is minded to impose a custodial sentence, I will inform the health care centre at the relevant prison of his psychiatric needs.

Mr Shaw has since been remanded to HMP Barlinnie and is due back in Court at the end of August.

Yours sincerely



Dr Regan Jonathan
Locum Consultant Forensic Psychiatrist

Copy to:

Dr Deby Graham, Counselling Psychologist, Hunter Community HC, 4th Floor, Andrew St, EAST KILBRIDE, G74 1AB

SUMMARY OF EVIDENCE

Summary Of Evidence

Event Description

The accused Shaw is a prolific offender who has recently been released from prison after being sentenced in 2013 for a fraudulent scheme and disqualified driving. The accused Shaw is subject to a disqualification from driving until 19/06/2093

About 1725 hours on 10 August 2016 the police witnesses Martin and Bayne were on routine mobile patrol when they had the occasion to stop a blue Mazda motor vehicle SC55YHX for a routine document check.

On speaking to the driver he furnished his details as an ANDREW SHAW. He was asked in relation to the motor vehicle if he had any documentation to which he stated "NO" at which point he was asked if the car had an MOT to which he stated "NO".

At this point he was informed that he was cautioned and asked to join the police witnesses within the rear of their marked police vehicle. Whilst the police witnesses were carrying out checks in relation to the accused and the motor vehicle it was established that the accused was disqualified from driving until 19 June 2093. It was also established that the motor vehicle's MOT had expired on 8 June 2016 and due to the fact that he was disqualified there was no insurance listed for said motor vehicle, therefore it should not have been on the road.

The motor vehicle was first registered in 2006 and therefore required to have an MOT.

Further checks revealed that the accused has 37 previous convictions and 1 pending case, mainly for thefts of motor vehicle and driving whilst disqualified.

Due to the information received he was informed that he was under arrest and his motor vehicle was seized in relation to the 165 procedures. He was conveyed to Hamilton Police Office where all his details were verified and he was informed that he was being kept in custody to appear at Hamilton Sheriff Court on 11 August 2016 for the offences libelled.

Whilst in custody at Hamilton Police Office the accused appeared to be showing signs of disorientation and appeared to be unaware of the surrounding circumstances. Further comments were made in relation to the accused being schizophrenic and at this point may have been having an episode whilst within custody. The accused has been seen by a doctor whilst in custody and it has been requested by the doctor that he should be seen by a CPN prior to any appearance at court.

Locus Description

The locus in question is Stewartfield Way, East Kilbride which is situated within the built up area of East Kilbride itself. At the time of the offence it was daylight and dry. The road itself carries a speed restriction of 30 miles per hour and on occasions 40 miles per hour. The road itself is of tarmac construction and is classified as a road under the Road Traffic Act 1988.

Medical Evidence

n/a

Interview

n/a

Caution/Charge

The accused was not c/c with the offences libelled due to his unstable mental state

FRIEL

ACC COPY

F.1A
HM16009263

Sheriff

C

Under the Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act, 1995

IN THE SHERIFF COURT OF SOUTH STRATHCLYDE DUMFRIES AND GALLOWAY AT HAMILTON

The COMPLAINT of the PROCURATOR FISCAL against

ANDREW MARTIN SHAW,
30,
DOUGLAS DRIVE,
EAST KILBRIDE,
GLASGOW,
G75 8JS

Date of Birth: 21.04.1967

The charge against you is that

(001) on 10 August 2016 on a road, namely Stewartfield Way, East Kilbride you ANDREW MARTIN SHAW being a person disqualified for holding or obtaining a licence to drive a motor vehicle did drive a motor vehicle, namely motor car registered number SC55 YHX while so disqualified;
CONTRARY to the Road Traffic Act 1988, Section 103(1)(b)
you ANDREW MARTIN SHAW did commit this offence while on bail, having been granted bail on 15 July 2016 at Glasgow Sheriff Court

(002) on 10 August 2016 on a road or other public place, namely Stewartfield Way, East Kilbride you ANDREW MARTIN SHAW did use a motor vehicle, namely motor car registered number SC55 YHX without there being in force in relation to the use of said motor vehicle by you such a policy of insurance or such a security in respect of third party risks as complied with the requirements of Part VI of the Road Traffic Act 1988;
CONTRARY to the Road Traffic Act 1988, Section 143(1) and (2) as amended
you ANDREW MARTIN SHAW did commit this offence while on bail, having been granted bail on 15 July 2016 at Glasgow Sheriff Court

(003) on 10 August 2016 in Stewartfield Way, East Kilbride you ANDREW MARTIN SHAW did use a motor vehicle, namely motor car registered number SC55 YHX to which the aftermentioned Section applies and in respect of which no test certificate had been issued within the appropriate period before the date libelled;
CONTRARY to the Road Traffic Act 1988, Section 47(1)
you ANDREW MARTIN SHAW did commit this offence while on bail, having been granted bail on 15 July 2016 at Glasgow Sheriff Court

Procurator Fiscal Depute

Diet

20 , at .m., within the SHERIFF Court-House,
as a Diet in this case

Clerk of Court

FORENSIC COMMUNITY MENTAL HEALTH TEAM COURT ASSESSMENT INITIAL SCREENING / INTERVIEW

DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

Name of Accused: **Andrew Shaw**

GENDER: Male ☒ DOB: **21/04/67** CHI No. **3933**

AGE: **49**

ADDRESS: **30 Douglas Drive, East Kilbride, G75 8JS**

GENERAL PRACTITIONER:

Name: **Dr Wylie, Mavor Medical Practice, Hunter Health Centre, Andrew Street, East Kilbride, Glasgow, G74 1AD**
Tel No: **01355 573790**

CHARGE(S):

Murder / Attempted Murder ☐ Violence / Assault ☐ Disorder (BOP) ☐ Sex offence ☐ Fire raising ☐
Dishonesty ☐ Damage ☐ Road Traffic Act ☐ Misuse of Drugs Act ☐
Other e.g. Domestic offence: **Disqualified Driving, No Insurance and No MOT – Disqualified until 2093**

Referring Procurator Fiscal: Gordon Hunter Tel No: 0844 561 3369 Court: Hamilton

Date of referral: **11/08/2016** Time of referral: **09:30** Date of arrest: **10/08/16**

Is accused currently at court **Yes ☒**

Was accused on bail at the time of arrest? **Yes**

Is Bail opposed by the p/f **Yes ☒**

On probation at time of arrest? **No ☒** When placed on probation /CPO **15/07/2016**

Any known history of previous offending **Yes ☒ 39 Previous offences.**

Does the accused have a learning difficulty **No ☒**

Does the accused have an alert **No ☒**

**Nature of reported
currently active Mental
Health Issues to be
assessed:**

Include Current Diagnosis if known?
Deputy PF reported PCS saw yesterday and reported thoughts of suicide and requested
assessment at Court

FF Gordon Hunter

0844561

3369.

Fit for trial

Case No 1007175

Case Active 10/08/2016 20:07

Case Type Fit To Be Detained
(FTD)

Patient Andrew Shaw

D.O.B 21/04/1967

Age 49 years

Sex Male

Ethnicity

Current Address

30 DOUGLAS DRIVE

Home Address (if currently not at home)

EAST KILBRIDE

G75 8JS

Case Origin

Custody Sergeant

Callers Name

Callers Tel:

01698 000000

Own Doctor

Surgery

Case Questions

Case Referral

Custody Or Log/Incident Number: - 2212/16

Police Custody Service - Lanarkshire Police Custody Service

Patient Location

Location (LAN): - Hamilton Police Station

Patient Location

Referral Type: -

Fitness Assessment (FFC, FTC, FTD, FTI, FTP, FTR, FTT) - Yes

Healthcare (incl. Mental Health) - Yes

Consultation

Consult By Manoharan

Consult Start

20:07

Consult End

20:25

Asked assess due to mental health problem-
Driving disqualified driver-
See previous encounters-
says people there get him-says going for along time-

PMH-NO MEDICAL PORBLEM-

meds-

respirdol const 25 mfm fortnightly

mental health- schizophrenia

says not had injection for a long time-

see ecs last script 2 days ago-

sees cpn-not letting them in-

he attends psychiatry clinic ant beck ford lodge -dr jonathan

pre h/o DSH-

NOT suicidal

Examination Details

agitated- anxious-

answers question appropriate -able to answer the above questions and medication etc-

says people are there to get him-

appears to be delusional -paranoid

not suicidal

perl

no smell of alcohol

Pulse- 88

Diagnosis

Mental health problem- paranoid and delusional-

Clinical Codes

N

Berlinne

Case No 1007175

Case Active 10/08/2016 20:07

Case Type Fit To Be Detained
(FTD)

Poorly complaint with medication-
Not suicidal

Treatment

Custody staff to contact HCP for review if concern ;
PLEASE ARRANGE COURT CPN for full mental health assessment-
HE IS NOT FIT FOR INTERVIEW-
CONSTANT OBS;

Prescriptions

Follow-up(s)

Review On Request -

Jonathan, Regan

From: kirsty [kirsty@jimfriel.co.uk]
Sent: 24 August 2016 15:56
To: Jonathan, Regan
Subject: Andrew Shaw
Attachments: Andrew Shaw Summary and Complaint .pdf

Dear Dr Jonathon

We act for Andrew Shaw and enclose Copy Complaint and Summary of Evidence in relation to the above. Sanction has been granted for you to prepare a report at a cost limit below noted.

We would be grateful if you could provide a report detailing Mr Shaw's psychiatric difficulties and the history of treatment thereof. Please advise as to whether, in your view, Mr Shaw is sane and fit to plead and able to instruct his defence in relation to this case. We would also ask if you could provide an opinion as to whether any mental impairment at the time of the commission of the alleged offence meets the test in terms of Section 51A of the Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act.

We would generally welcome any further information which you could provide in relation to the potential disposal of this case. Does the client for instance meet the criteria for any hospital based order at this time and/or do you think that he would be vulnerable within a custodial setting.

Thanking you in anticipation of your assistance.

Yours faithfully,

Kirsty McLeod

Jim Friel Solicitors
78 Carlton Place
Glasgow

Telephone Number: 0141 420 1234

Subject - Sanction Application Granted.

Notification Details

LARN 6717014316

Notification Issued: 18/08/2016

Procurator Fiscal Ref. No. HM16009263

Application Type Sanction (Expert)

Expert Name REGAN JONATHON

Applicant Name ANDREW SHAW

Applicant PI SHAW9AM604217011

Your Reference Number 011159

Effective Date: 18/08/2016

Message: Your Application for expert witness DR REGAN JONATHON for £280.00 has been granted.

Reason (if given):

Unless otherwise approved, the expert rates payable have regard to the fees prescribed for expert witnesses in Chapter 12 of the Crown Finance Manual, as follows:

- Engaged not more than 1 hour £82.00
- Engaged more than 1 hour, but not more than 4 hours £164.00
- Engaged more than 4 hours, but not more than 6 hours £246.00

- Engaged more than 6 hours £328.00

Necessary travelling time from residence or place of business shall be included in computing the fee payable. Where a locum tenens is engaged or arranged, payment will again be on the basis of the professional witness rates in the Crown Finance Manual, as follows:

- engaged not more than 2 hours £75.00

- engaged more than 2 hours, but not more than 4 hours £112.00

- Engaged more than 4 hours £185.00

Mileage is paid at the flat rate of 40p per mile, and the maximum Overnight Allowance allowed is £80.00 inclusive of bed and breakfast which must be vouched. From 1 March 2013 travelling expenses for expert witnesses will be re-imbursed at half the hourly rate.

Jonathan, Regan

From: Jonathan, Regan
Sent: 06 September 2016 11:25
To: 'Delaney Fiona (NHS Lothian)'
Subject: OFFICIAL - SENSITIVE

Dear Ms Delaney

I am the community RMO for Andrew Shaw who was recently convicted and sentenced to 10 months in prison. If you would like any input from me or further information please contact. I would be available for any case conferences prior to his discharge. Understand that, at this stage, he is facing further charges and is due to appear in court in December. I was asked by his solicitor to prepare another psychiatric report.

Regards

Dr Regan Jonathan
Locum Forensic Psychiatrist
01555 777480
01698 456215

NHS LANARKSHIRE
Mental Health/Community
East Kilbride/Camglen Locality

Hunter Community Health Centre
4th floor, Andrew Street
East Kilbride
G74 1AB

Tel: 01355 597447
Fax: 01355 597490

Date Dictated: 22.07.16
Date Typed: 22.07.16
Our Ref: ER/AMT

CHI: 2104673933

Dr Fraser Wyllie
Mavor Medical Practice
Hunter Community Health Centre
Andrew Street
East Kilbride
G74 0LB

Dear Dr Wyllie

Re: Andrew Shaw (DOB: 21.04.67), 30 Douglas Drive, East Kilbride G75 8JJ

Date of Admission :	09.07.16
Date of Discharge:	11.07.16
Diagnosis:	Psychotic Episode ICD10 Code F29
Ward/Consultant:	Ward 20, Dr Venkat Chekuri
Legal Status:	Informal
Discharge Medication:	Risperdal Consta 25 mg i.m. every two weeks
Follow up:	With Forensic Team

Reason and Source of Admission:

This 48 year old gentleman was assessed at A & E Department of Hairmyres Hospital. Andrew had contacted NHS 24 stating that "demons were in my house" and were "going to get me". He sounded very distressed and possibly in an acute psychotic phase. The Out of Hours GP was requested to do a home visit with the police (due to forensic background) and escorted Andrew up to hospital for assessment.

Andrew has a diagnosis of psychosis from 2005 and is on a fortnightly depot medication for this. His last hospital admission was to Iona Ward at Beckford Lodge following a court referral for many driving/motoring offences. He has been seen by Forensic Psychiatry recently and has been referred to Psychology with a possible pending Personality Disorder diagnosis. He lives alone and appears to be very isolated at times.

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2.

Andrew Shaw (cont'd)

Mental State Examination on Admission

Assessment was limited due to Andrew's presentation and responding to unseen stimuli throughout. Andrew was dressed appropriately, with no obvious signs of neglect. He did not maintain any eye contact during the assessment. He appeared very tearful and was markedly anxious. He reported feeling scared. His speech was pressured at times, but otherwise normal. This could have been due to reported feeling of fear. His mood was not assessed due to presentation. He was actively responding to unseen visual stimuli. He had partial insight and agreed to informal admission.

Physical Examination and Investigations

Andrew's physical examination was normal apart from signs of obesity. His bloods were unremarkable.

Progress/Changes in Mental State/ Ongoing Risks Identified

On admission, Andrew did not become further agitated. He conversed with other patients but became monosyllabic when approached by nursing staff.

He was reviewed by the locum Forensic Consultant, Dr Jonathan, who knows Andrew. Andrew reported that he was having auditory hallucinations telling him to "Drive motors" and that friends were harassing him and asking him to drive and participate in criminal activity. He did not want to do this and this had been a source of stress.

Dr Jonathan had been informed that a warrant was out for Andrew's arrest, but Andrew was unaware of this. He wanted to return home.

According to Dr Jonathan's assessment, he presented as he usually does. He has poor eye contact, fidgeting and repeated scanning of the room. He agreed to go home after having his depot. However, after assessment Andrew became agitated and thought that staff were accusing him of stealing money. He then refused the depot medication.

He had an appointment at Beckford Lodge three days later, on Thursday, so it was arranged that the depot medication could be administered there as usual.

Risk Management Following Discharge

Follow up at Beckford Lodge.

Yours sincerely

Dr E Richardson
CT1 in Psychiatry to Dr Chekuri

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FRIEL

ACC COPY

F.1A
HM16009263

Sheriff

C

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Procurator Fiscal Depute

Diet

20 .-The Court Assigns
, at .m., within the SHERIFF Court-House,
as a Diet in this case

Clerk of Court

SUMMARY OF EVIDENCE

Summary Of Evidence

Event Description

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Locus Description

The locus in question is Stewartfield Way, East Kilbride which is situated within the built up area of East Kilbride itself. At the time of the offence it was daylight and dry. The road itself carries a speed restriction of 30 miles per hour and on occasions 40 miles per hour. The road itself is of tarmac construction and is classified as a road under the Road Traffic Act 1988.

Medical Evidence

n/a

Interview

n/a

Caution/Charge

The accused was not c/c with the offences libelled due to his unstable mental state

F.1A
PA16000660

Sheriff

C

Under the Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act, 1995

IN THE SHERIFF COURT OF NORTH STRATHCLYDE AT PAISLEY

The COMPLAINT of the PROCURATOR FISCAL against

ANDREW MARTIN SHAW,
30,
DOUGLAS DRIVE,
East Kilbride,
G75 8JS

Date of Birth: 21.04.1967

The charge against you is that

(001) on 25th January 2016 in Eastwoodmains Road, Clarkston being a person driving a motor vehicle, namely motor car registered number SA10KHJ you ANDREW MARTIN SHAW did fail to comply with the indication to stop given by a traffic sign of the prescribed size, colour and type, lawfully placed on or near the said road, namely a red signal shown by light signals for the control of traffic as specified in Regulations 33 and 36 of the Traffic Signs Regulations and General Directions 2002;
CONTRARY to the Traffic Signs Regulations and General Directions 2002, Regulation 10 and the Road Traffic Act 1988, Section 36(1)

(002) on 25th January 2016 on a road or other public place, namely Eastwoodmains Road, Seres Road, Burnside Gardens, Lomondside Avenue, Dumgoyne Place, Campsie Gardens, Cathkin Drive, Quarrybrae Avenue, all Clarkston you ANDREW MARTIN SHAW did drive a mechanically propelled vehicle, namely motor car registered number SA10KHJ dangerously and did a) at Eastwoodmains Road aforesaid, fail to stop at a red light, b) at Seres Road, aforesaid, fail to stop for a marked police vehicle and accelerate harshly, drive at excessive speeds and in particular at speeds of 80mph in a 30mph zone, drive onto the wrong side of the road and into the path of oncoming motor vehicles, c) at Burnside Gardens aforesaid, negotiate a bend at excessive speed and almost lose control of said vehicle, drive into the path of an oncoming vehicle, drive at excessive speed and fail to give way at the junction with Lomondside Avenue, d) at Lomondside Avenue aforesaid, drive at excessive speed and fail to give way at the junction with Dumgoyne Place, e) at Dumgoyne Place aforesaid, fail to give way with the junction at Campsie Gardens and drive at excessive speed;
CONTRARY to the Road Traffic Act 1988, Section 2 as amended

(003) on 25th January 2016 on various roads, namely Eastwoodmains Road, Clarkston and elsewhere in Clarkston you ANDREW MARTIN SHAW being a person disqualified for holding or obtaining a licence to drive a motor vehicle did drive a motor vehicle, namely motor car registered number SA10KHJ while so disqualified;
CONTRARY to the Road Traffic Act 1988, Section 103(1)(b)

(004) on 25th January 2016 on various roads or other public place, namely Eastwoodmains Road, Clarkston and elsewhere in Clarkston you ANDREW MARTIN SHAW did use a motor vehicle, namely motor car registered number SA10KHJ without there being in force in relation to the use of said motor vehicle by you such a policy of insurance or such a security in respect of third party risks as complied with the requirements of Part VI of the Road Traffic Act 1988;
CONTRARY to the Road Traffic Act 1988, Section 143(1) and (2) as amended

(005) on 25th January 2016 at Eastwoodmains Road, Clarkston and elsewhere in Clarkston you ANDREW MARTIN SHAW did reset motor vehicle SA10KHJ the same having been dishonestly appropriated by theft


Procurator Fiscal Depute

F.1A
GG16000270

Sheriff

C

Under the Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act, 1995

IN THE SHERIFF COURT OF GLASGOW and STRATHKELVIN AT GLASGOW

The COMPLAINT of the PROCURATOR FISCAL against

ANDREW SHAW,
NFA,
NFA,
NFA

Date of Birth: 21.04.1967.

The charge against you is that

(001) on 19th December 2015 on a road, namely Tala Rd, Glasgow you ANDREW SHAW being a person disqualified for holding or obtaining a licence to drive a motor vehicle did drive a motor vehicle, namely motor car registered number Y108 DSF while so disqualified;
CONTRARY to the Road Traffic Act 1988, Section 103(1)(b)
you ANDREW SHAW did commit this offence while on bail, having been granted bail on 17 May 2015, at Glasgow Sheriff Court

(002) on 28th December 2015 at Talla Road, Glasgow you ANDREW SHAW did for the purpose of causing annoyance, inconvenience or needless anxiety to Ryan Hutchins, C-O Police Scotland persistently make use of a public electronic communications network in that telephone him, shout and swear at him and imply threats to him;
CONTRARY to the Communications Act 2003, Section 127(2)(c)
you ANDREW SHAW did commit this offence while on bail, having been granted bail on 17 May 2015, at Glasgow Sheriff Court

Procurator Fiscal Depute

Diet

20 The Court Assigns

20 at _____ m., within the SHERIFF Court-House, _____
as a Diet in this case

Clerk of Court

SUMMARY OF EVIDENCE

Summary Of Evidence

Event Description

WITNESS EVIDENCE

The accused Shaw is a prolific offender who has recently been released from prison after being sentenced in 2013 for a fraudulent scheme and disqualified driving. The accused Shaw is subject to a disqualification from driving until 19/06/2093.

During the month of May 2015 the accused got in touch with the witness McNab through Gumtree regarding a flat she had available to rent at 30 Douglas Drive, East Kilbride. The witness McNab made arrangements for the accused to visit the property for a viewing. On conclusion of the viewing the accused decided to rent to property from the witness McNab and subsequent rental agreements were signed. A short time after moving into the property the accused required plumbing work to be done therefore the witnesses McNabs son the witness McIlhargoy attended at the property and fixed the leak. The accused and the witness McIlhargoy engaged in conversation and at this time the witness McIlhargoy was shown pictures of bank statements and cheques working large sums of money. The accused McIlhargoy also was shown a contact on the accused's phone with the name "Paul Ferris". The witness McIlhargoy believed that the accused was just trying to intimidate him and did not take any notice.

Over the course of the next 7 months the friendship between the accused and the witness McIlhargoy progressed to the stage where the accused began to ask the witness McIlhargoy to drive him places to pick up cars. Some of these places included Bellshill, Ayr, and Kilmarnock. The accused collected numerous motor vehicles and drove them back to his flat and/or the witness McNabs home address where they would be left before being moved on. If the witness McIlhargoy refused to convey the accused to the cars he would ask an associate named "Steven" with the nickname "Steg" to do so. Over the 7 month period the witness McIlhargoy received phone calls and text messages daily every morning from the accused. Some of these texts would be him asking to be taken to cars and/or asking general questions. The accused took the witness McIlhargoy out for dinner on several occasions and also began to take out some of the witness McIlhargoy's friends who he had befriended. The witness McIlhargoy did not feel comfortable with this and thought the accused had taken too much of a keen interest in him therefore stopped going out for dinner with the accused.

In November the accused informed the witness McNab that he was having money issues due to an ongoing divorce and his bank accounts had been seized. The accused was unable to pay any rent to the witness McNab and found himself 2 months in arrears. Around later November/early December 2015 the accused invited the witness McIlhargoy to his property for drinks and provided the witness McIlhargoy with an open bottle of vodka and an open bottle of a milkshake liqueur. Also present was the accused's associate Steven "Steg" (Non witness). The witness McIlhargoy drunk approximately half of the bottle of vodka however stopped as he began to feel aggressive which he stated was unlike him. At this time Steven "Steg" attempted to kiss the witness McIlhargoy who immediately moved away. The witness McIlhargoy does not remember the full night and does not remember returning home however woke up in his own bed alone.

Around December 2015 the accused began to bring various cars to the witness McNabs home address where they would be left for a few days and then be driven away by the accused never to return. Friends of the witness McIlhargoy began to ask questions as to why there were so many vehicles parked outside the house however the witness McIlhargoy was unable to explain it. The accused also asked the witness McNab if she would put cars in her name however did not provide a reason and therefore the witness McNab did not go ahead with it. The accused asked the witness McNab for advice in relation to properties and drove her to a builders address in Croftfoot, Glasgow where they spoke about carrying out building work at a property. The accused then drove the witness McNab in a silver Volvo (not further described) to a property which is next to the roundabout prior to the Kincardine Bridge which consists of 2 run down houses and an abandoned petrol station. The accused had keys for the property and they entered for a look and the accused informed her of his intention to renovate.

In the middle of December 2015 the accused asked the witness McNab if he could park a softop midnight blue Mercedes CLK at her address for a few days and she agreed to this. The car sat for 5 or 6 days before it disappeared. On 15/12/2015 the accused arrived in an associate "John Powell's" car (not further described) where the witness McNab was asked to follow behind to the local Sainsbury's. On arrival the 3 parties spoke for 15 minutes in the car

SUMMARY OF EVIDENCE

park about ways in which the accused could leave Steven "Steg" the Kincardine property and that he owed Steven "Steg" as he had taken the fall for a deal that went wrong leading to him going to jail.

On 8/12/2015 the witness McNab emailed title deeds for Longmyre Farm, Hamilton to Ross Fox Solicitors in order to change the deeds from Andrew Adams to Steven Paul O'Donnell. This was all done at the request of the accused.

On 19/12/2015 the witness Hutchins was within his home address of 264 Talla Road, Glasgow searching on the website Gumtree for a new car. The witness Hutchins found a BMW 5 series Y108DSF which he decided to enquire about. The witness Hutchins entered into the advertisement and noted the seller to be called "William" (accused). The phone number 07851036467 was attached to the ad therefore the witness Hutchins text the accused stating his interest and that he was willing to pay £500. The accused replied by stating the car was in a perfect conditions however required a coil pack.

The accused thereafter phoned the witness Hutchins from a private number and on the witness Hutchins answering the accused asked if he was recording the conversation or if he worked for the police. The witness Hutchins found this odd but believed the accused was having a joke with him therefore he continued the conversation. The accused informed the witness Hutchins that he would bring the BMW to his home address for him to see it therefore the witness Hutchins passed his home address. About 1700 hours the witness Hutchins received a phone call from the accused who stated he was nearby and needed directed into the witness Hutchins street. The witness Hutchins attended at the front of his driveway looking into Talla Road and gave out directions. A short time later the witness Hutchins observed the BMW from the Gumtree Ad to drive up his street in the direction of Thruston Road.

The witness Hutchins informed the accused that he had driven past his house therefore the accused done a turn on the road and parked across from the witness Hutchins's home address. The witness Hutchins noted the accused to be the driver and no other persons within the vehicle. The witness Hutchins got into the front passenger seat of the car and the accused stated that he would take it a test drive. The accused drove the vehicle down Talla Road and towards the Shell Petrol Station and Burger King at Hillington Industrial Estate and back to the witness Hutchins's home address. On conclusion of the test drive the witness Hutchins decided to take the car and paid the accused £500 in cash. The accused asked if the witness Hutchins was able to drop him off at home and the witness Hutchins agreed however took his rental car as he was not yet insured on the BMW. The witness Hutchins, along with the witness Emma Stewart, and his daughter took the accused to a location in East Kilbride near to Brooklyn Park at a car park.

Whilst en route the accused made a phone call to which he referred to his name as being "Andy" which the witness Hutchins found strange but did not question the accused on it. On arrival to Brooklyn Park the accused exited the motor vehicle and asked the witness Hutchins to follow him as he was going to show him where he lived as a way of proving he was trustworthy. The accused then entered a Mazda VRM SM55KMX alone and drove a short distance to another car park where he exited the car and pointed to a house stating that is where he resides.

About 1900 hours the witness Hutchins was online looking for car insurance quotes for the BMW when he noted that the insurance pages were showing a different spec for the BMW to those that were passed by the accused. The spec shown was slightly higher than the witness Hutchins wanted and this meant that insurance prices were too high for the witness Hutchins to afford. The witness Hutchins contacted the accused again via text message and explained the situation.

The accused replied stating that he had other smaller cars which were slightly more expensive however he could pay it up in instalments. Over the course of the next few days various messages were sent back and forward between the parties to which the accused made various promises to provide another vehicle.

On 21/12/2015 the witness Hutchins went to Manchester on a short break to visit family with the intention of returning on 24/12/2015.

About 0730 hours on 22/12/2015 the witness Stewart left her home address and noted the BMW vehicle to be parked directly outside. About 1930 hours the witness Stewart returned to the home address where she found the BMW to be gone. The witness Stewart contacted the witness Hutchins to inform him who in turn contacted the accused regarding it. The accused informed the witness Hutchins via text message that he was not to worry as he had arranged a newer car that was insured for him.

On 23/12/2015 the accused contacted the witness Hutchins to ask if the witness Stewart was within as he was outside the house with pictures of a new car for them. The witness Hutchins got in touch with the witness Stewart who

SUMMARY OF EVIDENCE

returned home and viewed the pictures shown to her by the accused. The accused also took the log book for the BMW and attempted to get the car keys however the witness Hutchins had them in his possession in Manchester. On 24/12/2015 the accused contacted the witness Hutchins and informed him that he would attend at his home address later on that day regarding a new car however did not arrive. Between 1700 hours and 1800 hours on 25/12/2015 the witness Hutchins got a phone call from the accused stating that he was outside. On looking out the witness Hutchins noted the accused to be in the driver's seat of a Rover with no other persons within.

The witness Hutchins and his son attended at the car and got into it where the witness Hutchins and accused spoke about a new car and various pictures were shown. The witness Hutchins handed over the key to the BMW he had bought and was informed by the accused that he would get his £500 back as a gesture of goodwill. The witness Hutchins and his son exited the motor vehicle and the accused drove off from the locus.

Between the 26/12/15 and 28/12/15 various text messages were sent between the accused and witness Hutchins regarding a new car being organised however nothing materialised. The witness Hutchins therefore contacted police on "101" and asked for advice. The witness Hutchins was told to wait 24 hours and re-contacted the police if the situation had not been resolved. The witness Hutchins text the accused to inform him of his contact with the police to which the accused called him immediately. The accused began to shout and swear at the witness Hutchins and inform him that he knew "Paul Ferris" and the "Daniels" family. The witness Hutchins was called various abusive names and was distressed by this conduct from the accused. This was all overheard by the witness Stewart.

About 1700 hours on 02/01/2016 the witness Hutchins contacted the police to report the matter. The police witnesses Rutherford and Scott were on uniformed mobile patrol within a marked police vehicle when they were instructed to attend at 264 Talla Road, Glasgow regarding a stolen motor vehicle. They attended immediately. On arrival to the locus the police witnesses Rutherford and Scott were met by the witness Hutchins who informed them of the circumstances. Brief details were noted from the witness Hutchins and on him passing a description of the accused, the police witness Scott recognised the description as that of the accused who he had dealt with previously. The police witnesses Rutherford and Scott attended at Pollok Police Office where they prepared an emulator board for the witness Hutchins and the witness Stewart.

They re-attended and showed these emulators to both parties separately where they both positively identified the accused as being the male who sold them the car and who they had been dealing with. The witness Hutchins positively identified

IMAGE 12

as being the accused and the witness Stewart positively identified

IMAGE 4

as being the accused. Both emulator boards were signed and a signed statement was noted from both parties.

About 1330 hours on 03/01/2016 the witness McIlhargoy received a text message from a male asking him to call him back. The witness McIlhargoy did so and on speaking to the male discovered him to be the witness Hutchins. The pair spoke about the car deal involving the witness Hutchins and thereafter the witness McIlhargoy attended at the witness Hutchins home address regarding it. The witness McIlhargoy was so angry about the lies being spread by the accused that he drove to the accused's property in order to confront him.

On arrival to the accused's property the witness McIlhargoy noted the police witnesses Scott and Rutherford to be outside carrying out enquiries into the accused and thereafter approached them and informed them of the circumstances. The witness McIlhargoy agreed to return home with police witnesses and provide a statement. On arrival to the home address the police witnesses Rutherford and Scott noted details from the witness McIlhargoy and the witness McNab and noted signed statements regarding their involvement.

To date the police witnesses have been unable to trace the accused and do not have any fixed abode for the accused as he has since left the address at 30 Douglas Drive, East Kilbride.

EXCULPATORY INFORMATION

None

SUMMARY OF EVIDENCE

VISUALLY RECORDED EVIDENCE

No CCTV covers the locus or incident

SEA H

None

PRODUCTIONS

Yes

Locus Description

The locus for offence 1 is outside 264 Talla Road, Glasgow. This locus is the roadway directly outside the home address of the witnesses Hutchins and Stewart where the vehicle they purchased was parked.

The locus for offence 2 includes:

Talla Road, Glasgow
Strathmickle Court, East Kilbride
Douglas Drive, East Kilbride
Addresses in Kilmarnock, Ayr, and Bellshill are also included

The accused is showing a complete disregard for his driving disqualification and is driving on every occasion to various locations all over Scotland on a daily basis.

The offence for locus 3 is also Talla Road, Glasgow as this is where the phone call was received by the witness Hutchins from the accused. This is the home address of the witness Hutchins in the Cardonald area of Glasgow.

Medical Evidence

None.

Interview

None.

Caution/Charge

The accused has not been traced to date.

Lanarkshire Forensic Mental Health
Service

Carluke Community Health Centre,
Chapel Street,
CARLUKE,
ML8 4BA

PRIVATE & CONFIDENTIAL

Dr Mavor
Mavor Medical Practice,
Hunter Health Centre,
Andrew Street,
East Kilbride,
Glasgow,
G74 1AD

Date dictated: 27/05/2016
Date typed: 28/06/2016
CHI: 2104673933
Our Ref: RJ/AR
Your Ref: -----

Enquiries to: Secretary
Direct Line: 01555 777 481
Facsimile: 01555 777 482

Dear Dr Mavor

RE: Andrew Shaw
DOB: 21/04/67
Address: 30 Douglas Drive, East Kilbride, G75 8JS

I saw Mr Shaw on 27/05/2016 at Beckford Lodge. He reported that he was well and he had no concerns. He said the voices were still present but that he was able to ignore it. He said that he spent most of his free time at home or with his friend; he denied any contact with any criminal associate. He said that he had some contact from Psychology but that he was still awaiting an appointment to date.

Mr Shaw presented as engaging with reasonable rapport established. As before, he was habitually shifting about in his seat, avoiding eye contact and touching and pulling his fingers. He also appeared somewhat anxious and was sweating. His affect was mood congruent and reactive. His mood was euthymic.

Mr Shaw presented as settled though appearing quite socially anxious during the session. I had no concerns about his mental state.

Further plans are to continue with the Risperdal Constá 25mgs every 2 weeks; the General Adult Psychology Team will contact Mr Shaw with an appointment date; I will refer Mr Shaw to the General Adult Psychiatric Service, most likely after commencement of his Psychology.

Yours sincerely



Dr Regan Jonathan
Locum Consultant Forensic Psychiatrist

PSYCHIATRIC REPORT

PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL

For submission to Hamilton Sheriff Court

Subject	Andrew Shaw
Date of birth	1 st April 1967
Current address	30 Douglas Drive East Kilbride, G75 8JS
Offence details	Breach of bail conditions Driving whilst disqualified Driving unlicensed car Driving without insurance
Instructed by	Jim Friel Solicitors
Date of hearing	29 th August 2016
Date of report	26 th August 2016
Author	Dr Regan Jonathan

Introduction

Mr Shaw is currently in remand at HMP Addiewell

He is facing a number of charges related to motoring offences. These include:

- Driving an unlicensed car
- Driving whilst disqualified
- Driving without insurance
- Breach of bail conditions, granted

Glasgow Court July 2016.

In preparation of this report, I have had access to the following:

1. Mr Shaw's clinical psychiatric notes from NHS Lanarkshire
2. A copy of the charges and Summary of Evidence
3. Interviews with Mr Shaw in HMP Addiewell and at Hamilton Sheriff Court

Mr Shaw is aware that I am preparing this report for the court. He appears to understand this and has consented to the preparation of this report.

PERSONAL AND BACKGROUND HISTORY

The personal and background history was obtained from Mr Shaw's hospital case notes. He was not in a position during my assessments to provide me with a personal and background account of himself.

Mr Shaw has been resident at his current address for the past 15 months. The reason for moving there was to escape from previous associates and friends who were harassing him. He has never been married and has no children. He is in receipt of social benefits and reports that he also sells cars for friends and other associates from time to time. He reported that he has been in a long term relationship with a Moira Duggan for the past 35 years, but that they have never lived together. He initially told me that he has a 28 year old daughter but it later transpired that this woman was the daughter of a friend who has since died. The woman reported that he often makes unsolicited contact with her.

He was born in Bellshill and raised in Hamilton by his parents. He had 3 older brothers who were 15, 17 and 18 years older than him. He reported good relationships with all except with brother Duncan (15 years older) who he said sexually and physically abused him. He refused to give any details. He said that his father drank a lot and was abusive to his mother but that he was "not a bad man" and that they had a happy marriage. He was also blamed by his older brother for the death of his mother.

His mother was a cleaner and his father worked in the steelworks. He was very close to his mother. She died at the age of 45 years when he was 8. He said that he was neglected by his father who was frequently intoxicated after this. At the age of 12 years, he was placed in Geilsland list D school. He denied any abuse but reported that he was felt afraid for his safety from the other boys. He said that they were occupied with many activities and did not receive any schooling. This is where he was allowed to learn to drive motor cars, after learning on tractors on a big estate.

He came into contact with police and social services from a young age due to his criminal behavior which including truancy, stealing and car related offences. He claimed that the first car he stole was his brother's and that this was in retaliation for abusing him.

His father died from lung cancer. Mr Shaw previously had good contact with his close and extended family. This seems to have dissipated over the years to the present where he has no contact with any family members.

In the past few years he appears to have led an itinerant lifestyle staying with various family members and friends for varying periods.

PSYCHIATRIC HISTORY

Mr Shaw has had extensive contact with mental health services from a young age since 1995 and has held various diagnoses which have included psychogenic psychosis, paranoid schizophrenia, personality disorder and post traumatic stress disorder.

The current consensus is that he has an emotionally unstable personality disorder.

It was felt that childhood sexual abuse played a significant part in the genesis of his dysfunctional behaviour and the repeat offending related to motor vehicles. The repeat stealing of motor vehicles and other driving offences provided a sense of emotional comfort to Mr Shaw in times of distress. He has had previous court disposals to hospital following driving offences and was followed up by the Lanarkshire forensic team for many years, and in particular by Dr Campbell. His engagement with mental health services broke down when Dr Campbell changed employment.

He has also been under the care of Glasgow forensic services and Lanarkshire Adult Psychiatry services, but engagement with him proved difficult and he was frequently non-compliant with treatment.

He has previous admissions to hospital where has presented in similar distress. He also has one previous overdose.

LAST ADMISSION TO IONA WARD, BECKFORD LODGE, FEB-MARCH 2016

There was never any objective evidence of psychosis observed on the ward by nursing staff. Reports were that his interaction with other patients and visitors, whilst unobtrusively observed, were appropriate. When discussing his symptoms with staff, he would become distressed, tearful and agitated, sometimes rocking to and fro in a regressive manner whilst talking. He would talk about his delusional beliefs relating to aliens, voices and various people and armies pursuing him with harmful intent. He made frequent references to the "chip" implanted in his brain.

He declined to engage with staff and other patients in activities on the ward and tended to isolate himself from others in his room.

This pattern of engagement continued throughout the assessment period.

He reported the following at varied times throughout his admission. He said that he has suffered from voices from a young age and that they (the voices) were responsible for the deaths of his parents, his friend and Dr Campbell his previous consultant. He believed that Dr Campbell was killed [by the voices] because he had revealed too much to her. He said that his interaction with visitors and other patients appeared to be normal because he wasn't prepared to talk to them about anything substantive and that this was left to staff who asked him tougher questions.

He referred to police as the "Police soldiers" and believed that they acted at the behest of his voices. He reported delusions of reference from the television and radio and believed that his thoughts could be read and altered. He reported numerous paranoid delusions and he continued to report auditory hallucinations in the 2nd and 3rd person.

He reported that he had been experiencing voices for many years and that he wanted to get rid of it, as well as of the chip that was in his head. He believed that it had been inserted into his head so as to control him. He asked me numerous times to remove it from his head.

He said that he had moved to his current accommodation to get away from his criminal friends who were always wanting something from him. He complained about his landlady, who he appeared to find meddlesome and interfering. He said that he was happy where he was away from other people.

His engagement and general presentation improved towards the end of the assessment period. Subjectively he said that he felt more relaxed. He was less tearful, more coherent and was able to provide a more coherent account of himself. His account of events on the day of his arrest was still vague.

He said that he has been unable to trust people and doctors and therefore found it difficult to engage consistently and comply with his medication.

FORENSIC HISTORY

He has numerous charges mostly related to motor car offences. In all he has had about 39 court appearances. Charges have included, housebreaking, theft, theft of motor vehicle, resetting of motor vehicles, motor traffic offences, breach of bail, fraud, attempts to pervert the course of justice, assault, assault to injury and permanent disfigurement, forgery and counterfeit. He does not appear to have any offences related to weapons.

He has spent several custodial periods, a large part of his adult life, in prison. His motor vehicle offending is related to his mental illness and emotional distress and serves as means relieving the stress around these. His last conviction was in June 2013 for road traffic offences and he was released in December 2014.

DRUG AND ALCOHOL HISTORY

He reported that he uses illicit drugs to try and block the voices. Previous to his admission he was using cocaine 3 to 4 times per week, as well as Valium but does not believe that the Valium was effective.

FIRST INTERVIEW AT HAMILTON COURT ON 11/08/2016 FOLLOWING ARREST

Mr Shaw is well known to me and his presentation was in keeping with previous meetings. He was mildly distressed, tearful and wiping his hands in an agitated manner. There was no objective evidence that he was experiencing any hallucinations. His mood was low but he improved and was less tearful at the end of our session.

He gave a coherent account of events and was fully oriented.

His version of his arrest was similar to what the liaison officer told me. Mr Shaw believed that he was stopped by police because they were using number plate scanning devices and thereby discovered that the car was uninsured. He said that he was then stopped by police, arrested and then taken to police cells and later brought to court, but was unsure about time scales.

Mr Shaw explained the events leading to his arrest. He said that in recent weeks his voices had worsened and was causing increased stress. He reported the voices telling him to "kill yourself", "come with me" and "drive that motor". He repeatedly said during the interview: "I don't want to do this" and "I just want peace...I want a

normal life". He said that he had tried to contact me a few days (but I had been on annual leave). He said that he was finding it increasingly difficult to cope with the voices and that 5 days ago, had taken an overdose of Valium (240mg in total) with the intention of committing suicide. He said that he slept for 2 days. He said the he wanted to die to get peace [from the voices], but that he did not want to kill himself. He reported that the voices were now constant.

He reported that over the past few weeks he had resisted the instructions of the voices to drive. I believe that he was aware that this would be an offence. When challenged that he knowingly broke the law, he denied this and said that he was unable to resist and was unaware of his actions, and that "everything was a blank for the past 3 days".

I found this hard to accept as he provided a coherent account of events; he was able to recall getting arrested soon after he had started driving from his house and that he had not been driving in a reckless or dangerous manner.

His last depot medication was on 30th June. He said that he stopped attending because he believed "there was something in it". Mr Shaw said that he usually spends his time on his own, at home watching TV and movies on Netflix and Sky. He denied any contact with negative peer influences, or that he had been driving. He reported that he usually walked to his local shops to buy food and that he only bought sealed pre-cooked food which he warmed in his microwave oven.

He denied any alcohol or illicit drug use. The recent overdose of Valium was the only recent use of medication other than his prescribed medication.

SECOND INTERVIEW IN HMP ADDIEWELL ON 26/08/2016 WHILST ON REMAND

Mr Shaw appeared dishevelled and exhausted at the interview. This was a significant change since the last time I had seen him on 11/08/2016. He was unshaven, poorly kempt and claimed not appear to remember me, despite me having known him for the past 6 months, and also asked to see my identification. He repeatedly referred to me as his solicitor, "*one of Jim's pals*". [Jim Friels Solicitors were representing him.]

He was disinterested in the interview and wanted to leave on several occasions. He said that he did not care and that he just wanted to die, that he wanted to be left alone and that he couldn't keep fighting. "*If I kill myself I will get some peace*". He said that he had tried to hang himself but that he could not do anything right. He was extremely hopeless about the future and expressed distress at having experienced voices for many years and felt that there would be no let-up in future. He said that voices are telling him to "*kill everybody, to kill himself*", that he would then be able to go back to his mother. [His mother died many years ago and he was reportedly quite close to her]. He reported hearing four voices.

He also reported suspicions that "*they*" were trying to kill him and that his food was poisoned and that, as a result, he was restricting his diet. When asked to explain who "*they*" were, he referred to "*people around me in prison...the voices*". He also reasoned that even though he wanted to die, it was not tolerable if he allowed himself to be killed the these people. He believed the voices belonged to real people but was unable to tell me to exactly whom it belonged. He also reported being unable to listen to the radio or to watch TV as the voices were talking to him then as well.

The focus of the conversation was mainly on his psychotic experiences and sense of hopelessness.

Mr Shaw was not interested in talking about his alleged offence. He was more focused on his voices. He said that he would plead guilty. He wasn't concerned about spending time in prison. He said that had spent 30 years [cumulatively] in prison and that prison didn't bother him.

MENTAL STATE EXAMINATION

Mr Shaw appeared exhausted and presented as dishevelled in appearance and personal hygiene. He was generally disinterested in conducting a conversation with myself and repeatedly asked to be excused to return to his cell. The interview progressed slowly due to his long pauses before answering, and due to the several times I needed to repeat my questions.

He was unable to remember me from previous meetings and was disoriented to time, but not person and place. His eye contact was, as usual, avoidant, preferring to scan his surroundings. He was however able to focus and look at me trying to verify, when I informed him that I was his doctor. There were no signs of objective hallucinations.

He was depressed in mood and expressed suicidal thoughts but there was no clear intent. He had other symptoms of depression with profound hopelessness about the future and anhedonia (lack of pleasure). He was experiencing difficulty sleeping due to the experiences of the voices.

His thoughts were slowed and there was poverty of ideation. His responses were limited and there was little spontaneous conversation. He required repeated prompting to engage in a meaningful manner. He expressed delusions of a persecutory nature and had delusions of reference from the TV and radio. There were possible delusions of misidentification in thinking that I was his solicitor.

He reported auditory hallucinations. There was no objective evidence thereof.

SUMMARY

Mr Shaw is known to the Lanarkshire Forensic Psychiatry Team and was admitted to our low secure forensic ward a few months ago following a previous offence. He has a diagnosis of emotionally unstable personality disorder on a background of childhood emotional abuse and neglect. He has an extensive history of traffic and driving offences which is linked to periods of deterioration in his mental state, during which time he presents with symptoms of psychosis, though without any objective evidence.

Presently, Mr Shaw does appear to have experienced deterioration in his mental state, most likely due to poor compliance with medication. There has been an increase in his auditory hallucinations, paranoid ideation, low mood and an apparent suicide attempt a few weeks ago. He has ongoing thoughts of dying but no active suicidal intentions. There were no objective signs of psychosis.

Notwithstanding this deterioration in his mental state, I believe that he was aware of his actions when he was arrested recently, that he was disqualified from driving and that he was committing an offence. He is able to follow and understand court proceedings and instruct his solicitor accordingly. It is my opinion that he is fit to stand trial and to offer a plea.

OPINION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

1. Mr Shaw is a complex individual and has a long history of contact with mental health services and during this time he has had varied opinions as to his diagnosis which has encompassed personality disorder, schizophrenia and post traumatic disorder. He suffers from a mental disorder as defined by the Mental Health (Care and Treatment) (Scotland) Act 2003, namely a disorder of adult personality and behavior. This is related to the severe psychological abuse suffered during his childhood which has continued to significantly impact upon his life as an adult.
2. Mr Shaw gave a good account of the alleged offences when I saw him on the day following his arrest. My initial opinion then was that he was fit to plead and to stand trial. There has been a significant change in his presentation but my opinion remains that he is fit to plead and stand trial, able to understand court proceedings and able to instruct his lawyer. Mr Shaw was sane at the time of the offence. The nature and degree of his disorder did not result in alienation of reason.
3. At this stage, I do not recommend a disposal to hospital for assessment or treatment. If the Court is minded to impose a custodial sentence, I will liaise with mental health department at his receiving prison to advise them of his treatment needs. Needless to say, if there is further deterioration of his mental state whilst in prison, then he can be assessed for necessity of psychiatric hospital admission under compulsory measures.
4. I am of the opinion that a custodial sentence in itself will not have a detrimental effects on his mental state. Mr Shaw has been imprisoned on many several occasions and he expressed no distress at his current detention in prison.
5. I also ask the Court to consider leniency and whether a custodial sentence is appropriate. In my view, his recent driving offences were not due to criminal intentions, but the result of a dysfunctional coping mechanism he employs to deal with his psychiatric problems. Mr Shaw does not view imprisonment as a deterrent. The public do not require protection from Mr Shaw at present. His several previous imprisonments demonstrate that prison has failed to rehabilitate him.
6. If he were to receive a non-custodial sentence then I would offer him voluntary admission to hospital. Despite his poor compliance with medication he has engaged well and sought help prior to the commission of this offence. I unfortunately was on annual leave at the time and Mr Shaw did not seek further support. I will continue to see Mr Shaw as an out-patient. He has also recently started individual psychological therapy and has attended one session. I have discussed the latest developments with his psychologist and she is willing to continue seeing him.

This report is given on soul and conscience. I am not related to the accused and have no pecuniary interest in the disposal by the court. I am a registered medical practitioner approved by NHS Grampian under the terms of Section 22 of the Mental Health (Care and Treatment) (Scotland) Act 2003 as having special experience in the diagnosis or treatment of mental disorder.

Yours sincerely


Dr Regan Jonathan
Locum Consultant Forensic Psychiatrist

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Jonathan, Regan

From: Rae, Angela - Secretary, Forensic Services, Carluke Health Centre
Sent: 03 August 2016 16:01
To: Jonathan, Regan
Subject: Andrew S- Telephone Call 03/08/16

Importance: High

Follow Up Flag: Follow up
Flag Status: Completed

Hi Regan

The above patient telephoned the office today and spoke to Michael. He advised Michael that he had not received his depot medication. After looking back on previous OPC letters, we discovered you had requested the G.P Practice nurse provide this service. I have therefore contacted the Mavor Medical Practice to make them aware of Andrew's call and advised that he was requesting his depot medication. The receptionist advised she would speak to Dr Wylie and ask him to send a letter to Andrew to let him know they have ordered his medication.

Many Thanks

Angela



Angela Rae
Forensic Secretary

Forensic Services
Carluke Health Centre
40 Chapel Street
Carluke
ML8 4BA

Tel: 01555 777480 / 777481
Fax: 01555 777482
secure email: angelarae1@nhs.net

Lanarkshire Forensic Mental Health Service

Carluke Community Health Centre
40 Chapel Street
Carluke
ML8 4BA
www.nhslanarkshire.co.uk

COPY

CONFIDENTIAL

Andrew Shaw
30 Douglas Drive
East Kilbride
GLASGOW
G75 8JS

Date Typed: 5th July 2016

Our Ref: RJ/MM

CHI No: 210 467 3933

Enquiries to: Marie Magunnigal

Direct Line: 01555 777 481

Fax: 01555 777 482

Dear Mr Shaw

I would like to offer you an out-patient appointment to see me on **Monday 11th July 2016** at **11.00am** in **Beckford Lodge, Hamilton**. Please report to the Reception upon arrival.

Should you be unable to attend for this appointment please contact my secretary on the above telephone number. *(Please note it costs the NHS £136 for every missed appointment).*

Yours sincerely,

pp. M. Magunnigal

Dr Regan Jonathan
Consultant Forensic Psychiatrist (Locum)

Lanarkshire Forensic Mental Health
Service

Carluke Community Health Centre,
Chapel Street,
CARLUKE,
ML8 4BA

PRIVATE & CONFIDENTIAL

Dr Mavor
Mavor Medical Practice,
Hunter Health Centre,
Andrew Street,
East Kilbride,
Glasgow,
G74 1AD

Date dictated: 27/05/2016
Date typed: 28/06/2016
CHI: 2104673933
Our Ref: RJ/AR
Your Ref: -----

Enquiries to: Secretary
Direct Line: 01555 777 481
Facsimile: 01555 777 482

Dear Dr Mavor

RE: Andrew Shaw
DOB: 21/04/67
Address: 30 Douglas Drive, East Kilbride, G75 8JS

I saw Mr Shaw on 27/05/2016 at Beckford Lodge. He reported that he was well and he had no concerns. He said the voices were still present but that he was able to ignore it. He said that he spent most of his free time at home or with his friend; he denied any contact with any criminal associate. He said that he had some contact from Psychology but that he was still awaiting an appointment to date.

Mr Shaw presented as engaging with reasonable rapport established. As before, he was habitually shifting about in his seat, avoiding eye contact and touching and pulling his fingers. He also appeared somewhat anxious and was sweating. His affect was mood congruent and reactive. His mood was euthymic.

Mr Shaw presented as settled though appearing quite socially anxious during the session. I had no concerns about his mental state.

Further plans are to continue with the Risperdal Consta 25mgs every 2 weeks; the General Adult Psychology Team will contact Mr Shaw with an appointment date; I will refer Mr Shaw to the General Adult Psychiatric Service, most likely after commencement of his Psychology.

Yours sincerely

Dr Regan Jonathan
Locum Consultant Forensic Psychiatrist

Lanarkshire Forensic Mental Health
Service

Carluke Community Health Centre,
Chapel Street,
CARLUKE,
ML8 4BA

PRIVATE & CONFIDENTIAL

Dr Wylie
Mavor Medical Practice,
Hunter Health Centre,
Andrew Street,
East Kilbride,
G74 1AD

Date dictated: 04/04/2016
Date typed: 20/04/2016
CHI: 2104673933
Our Ref: RJ/AR
Your Ref: -----

Enquiries to: Secretary
Direct Line: 01555 777 481
Facsimile: 01555 777 482

Dear Dr Wylie,

RE: Andrew Shaw
DOB: 21-04-1967
Address: 30 Douglas Drive, East Kilbride, G75 8JS

Mr Shaw attended the outpatient clinic today on 04/04/2016. He appeared agitated and avoided eye contact throughout the visit. He shifted about continuously in his seat, flicking his fingers. At one time he appeared almost tearful when he mentioned that the voices had returned. He did not have much else to report. He denied any thoughts of harm to himself or others. He reported spending most of his time by himself and denied any association with previous friends or involvement in criminal activities.

I informed him of my referral to Psychology and he was content to await their response. With regard to the previous appointment on 21/03/2016 which he had missed, he said he was unaware of the appointment. He had also missed a dose of Risperdal Depot and was happy to resume the 25mgs two weekly. This should resume on 06/04/2016.

I would like to kindly request if this could be facilitated by your practice nurse in the future please.

Yours sincerely

Dr Regan Jonathan
Locum Consultant Forensic Psychiatrist

Copy to: Dr Cameron, Kingsway Medical Practice, 12 Kingsway court, Glasgow, G14 9SS

Lanarkshire Forensic Service

IONA WARD
BECKFORD LODGE
CAIRD STREET
HAMILTON
ML3 0AL

Date: 8/3/2016

Our Ref: RJ/AR

CHI No: 2104673933

Your Ref: -----

Enquiries to: Angela Rae

Direct Line: 01698 456215

Facsimile: 01698 456217

Psychological Therapies
Atholl House
Churchill Avenue
East Kilbride
G74 1LU

Dear Colleague

RE: Andrew Shaw
DOB: 01-04-1967
Address: 30 Douglas Drive, East Kilbride, G75 8JS

I would like to refer Mr Shaw for assessment for psychological intervention.

He is a 48 year old man with long history of contact with mental health services. He has a complex presentation which involves auditory hallucinations and episodes of emotional decompensation which results in repeat offences involving motor vehicles and traffic violations. He has been diagnosed with schizophrenia in the past but there was little evidence of this on his recent admission to Iona Ward. The diagnosis is more likely to personality disorder stemming from childhood sexual abuse from his older sibling, parental alcohol misuse and domestic violence, witnessed death of mother at age of 8 years due to heart attack, fostering and emotional neglect.

In the past, he has had difficulty establishing therapeutic relationships with his care providers due to trust issues, and as a result has frequently disengaged from services.

Nevertheless he now indicates a new willingness to attend regularly

Circumstances leading to admission on 28th January 2016

Mr Shaw was admitted to Iona ward for assessment following his arrest for a series of traffic violations. There was concern for his mental state due to his bizarre presentation. He was arrested for dangerous driving. He was subsequently charged with:

- Failing to stop at traffic light
- Speeding and dangerous driving
- Driving whilst disqualified
- Driving without insurance
- Resetting of motor vehicle

Psychiatric history

Mr Shaw has had extensive contact with mental health services from a young age since 1995 and has held various diagnoses which have included psychogenic psychosis, paranoid schizophrenia, personality disorder and post traumatic stress disorder.

It was felt that childhood sexual abuse played a significant part in the genesis of his dysfunctional behaviour and the repeat offending related to motor vehicles. The repeat stealing of motor vehicles and other driving offences provided a sense of emotional comfort to Mr Shaw in times of distress. He has had previous court disposals to hospital following driving offences and was followed up by the Lanarkshire forensic team for many years, and in particular by Dr Campbell. His engagement with mental health services broke down when Dr Campbell changed employment.

He has also been under the care of Glasgow forensic services and Lanarkshire Adult Psychiatry services, but engagement with him proved difficult and he was frequently non-compliant with treatment.

He has previous admissions to hospital where has presented in similar distress. He also has one previous overdose.

He describes a number of voices consist which make derogatory comments and he reports that they are present all the time. This includes the voice of his mother.

Personal and background history

Mr Shaw reports that he was resident at his current address for the past 9 months because he wanted to escape from previous associates and friends who were harassing him. He has never been married and has no children and has very limited social support. He is in receipt of social benefits and reports that he also sells cars for friends and other associates from time to time. He reported that he has been in a long term relationship with a Moira Duggan for the past 35 years, but that they have never lived together. He initially told me that he has a 28 year old daughter but it later transpired that this woman was the daughter of a friend who has since died. The woman reported that he often makes unsolicited contact with her.

He was born in Bellshill and raised in Hamilton by his parents. He had 3 older brothers who were 15, 17 and 18 years older than him. He reported good relationships with all except with brother Duncan (15 years older) who he said sexually and physically abused him. He refused to give any details. He said that his father drank a lot and was abusive to his mother but that he was "not a bad man" and that they had a happy marriage. He was also blamed by his older brother for the death of his mother.

His mother was a cleaner and his father worked in the steelworks. He was very close to his mother. She died at the age of 45 years when he was 8. He said that he was neglected by his father who was frequently intoxicated after this. At the age of 12 years, he was placed in Geilsland list D school. He denied any abuse. He said that they were occupied with many activities and did not receive any schooling. This is where he was allowed to learn to drive motor cars, after learning on tractors on a big estate. It appears that the school encouraged this behaviour as it brought on emotional stability.

He came into contact with police and social services from a young age due to his criminal behaviour which including truancy, stealing and car related offences. He claimed that the first car he stole was his brother's and that this was in retaliation for abusing him.

His father died from lung cancer. Mr Shaw previously had good contact with his close and extended family. This seems to have dissipated over the years to the present where he has no contact with any family members.

In the past few years he appears to have led an itinerant lifestyle staying with various family members and friends for varying periods.

He has been in prison for large parts of his adult life and has never had any long term employment. He was a car salesman for a brief period. He is in receipt of social benefits and is appears to quite able to maintain his social welfare through occasionally selling cars for associates and friends.

Alcohol and drugs

He reported that he uses illicit drugs to try and block the voices. Previous to his admission he was using cocaine 3 to 4 times per week, as well as valium.

Forensic history

He has numerous charges mostly related to motor car offences. In all he has had about 39 court appearances. Charges have included, housebreaking, theft, theft of motor vehicle, resetting of motor vehicles, motor traffic offences, breach of bail, fraud, attempts to pervert the course of justice, assault, assault to injury and permanent disfigurement, forgery and counterfeit. He does not appear to have any offences related to weapons.

He has spent several custodial periods, a large part of his adult life, in prison. His motor vehicle offending is related to his mental illness and emotional distress and serves as means relieving the stress around these. His last conviction was in June 2013 for road traffic offences and he was released in December 2014.

Admission to Iona Ward

There was never any objective evidence of psychosis observed on the ward by nursing staff. Reports were that his interaction with other patients and visitors, whilst unobtrusively observed, were appropriate. When discussing his symptoms with staff, he would become distressed, tearful and agitated, sometimes rocking to and fro in a regressive manner whilst talking. He would talk about his delusional beliefs relating to aliens, voices and various people and Police armies pursuing him with harmful intent. He made frequent references to the "chip" implanted in his brain.

He declined to engage with staff and other patients in activities on the ward and tended to isolate himself from others in his room.

This pattern of engagement continued throughout the assessment period.

He reported the following at varied times throughout his admission. He said that he has suffered from voices from a young age and that they (the voices) were responsible for the deaths of his parents, his friend and Dr Campbell his previous consultant. He believed that Dr Campbell was killed [by the voices] because he had revealed too much to her. He said that his interaction with visitors and other patients appeared to be normal because he wasn't prepared to talk to them about anything substantive and that this was left to staff who asked him tougher questions.

He referred to police as the "Police soldiers" and believed that they acted at the behest of his voices. He reported delusions of reference from the television and radio and believed that his thoughts could be read and altered. He reported numerous paranoid delusions and he continued to report auditory hallucinations in the 2nd and 3rd person.

He reported that he had been experiencing voices for many years and that he wanted to get rid of it, as well as of the chip that was in his head. He believed that it had been inserted into his head so as to control him. He asked me numerous times to remove it from his head.

He said that he had moved to his current accommodation to get away from his criminal friends who were always wanting something from him. He complained about his landlady, who he appeared to find meddlesome and interfering. He said that he was happy where he was away from other people.

His engagement and general presentation improved towards the end of the assessment period. Subjectively he said that he felt more relaxed. He was less tearful, more coherent and was able to provide a more coherent account of himself. His account of events on the day of his arrest was still vague.

He said that he has been unable to trust people and doctors and therefore found it difficult to engage consistently and comply with his medication.

Mental state examination

Mr Shaw's presentation changed over the course of his admission. Initially, he was extremely distressed and tearful and was unable to provide a coherent account of himself. This improved somewhat towards the end of his admission. He avoided any consistent eye contact with his gaze never fixed but wandering around the room. It did not appear that he was experiencing any hallucinations. He was otherwise reasonably kempt.

His affect was reactive and congruent. His mood was generally labile and low during interviews. He had frequent bouts of tearfulness. He was not clinically depressed. His speech was normal rate and volume. He tended to ramble and digress and but when pressed, was able to provide a more coherent account of himself. He was not thought disordered. He was preoccupied with his account of his voices and paranoid beliefs and would provide long accounts of these. He described having a few voices, both male and female in the 2nd and 3rd person, ie talking to him and talking about him. He said that they would make derogatory comments and give instructions to hurt himself and others; he said that he had no intentions to act on these. He did not believe that there was any other person responsible for the voices, other than the voices. He referred to one voice as "the gaffer", also called Steven Murdoch. He did not have any thoughts of harm to himself or others.

He expressed paranoid delusions and felt pursued by the voices. He also felt the Police were part of the "army" that was in pursuit of him. He also had delusions of reference from the television and radio, as well as bizarre beliefs that there was a chip implanted in his head which he wanted to have removed, and the presence of aliens amongst us.

He had partial insight into his mental illness.

Summary

Based on his significant history of childhood sexual abuse, dysfunctional parenting and poor attachment experiences, and observation on the ward showing no signs of psychosis, Mr Shaw most likely has a primary personality disorder, significant emotionally unstable personality disorder with psychotic features.

Plan

I am planning to offer Mr Shaw a brief follow up at my clinic before referring him to an appropriate service.

Yours sincerely

Dr Regan Jonathan
Locum Forensic Consultant Psychiatrist

Lanarkshire Forensic Service

**IONA WARD
BECKFORD LODGE
CAIRD STREET
HAMILTON
ML3 0AL**

Date: 3/3/2016

Our Ref: RJ/MR

CHI No: 2104673933

Your Ref:

Enquiries to:

Direct Line: 01698 456215

Facsimile: 01698 456217

Dr Cameron
Kingsway Medical Practice
12 Kingsway court
Glasgow
G14 9SS

**Re Andrew Shaw DOB 01-04-1967
30 Douglas Drive, East Kilbride, G75 8JS**

Consultant:	Dr. Regan Jonathan
Admission date :	
Discharge date:	01/03/2016
Diagnosis:	Personality disorder
Legal status:	Section 52(D)
Psych medication on discharge :	Risperdal Consta 25mg 2 weekly

Dear Dr Cameron

DISCHARGE LETTER

I understand that Mr Shaw is still registered at your practice despite living in East Kilbride. I am therefore providing you with a discharge summary from his recent admission to Iona Low Forensic ward at Beckford Lodge in Hamilton.

Circumstances of the Index Offence

Mr Shaw was admitted to Iona ward for assessment following his arrest for a series of traffic violations. There was concern for his mental state due to his bizarre presentation. He was arrested for dangerous driving. He was subsequently charged with:

- Failing to stop at traffic light
- Speeding and dangerous driving
- Driving whilst disqualified

- Driving without insurance
- Resetting of motor vehicle

Psychiatric history

Mr Shaw has had extensive contact with mental health services from a young age since 1995 and has held various diagnoses which have included psychogenic psychosis, paranoid schizophrenia, personality disorder and post traumatic stress disorder.

It was felt that childhood sexual abuse played a significant part in the genesis of his dysfunctional behaviour and the repeat offending related to motor vehicles. The repeat stealing of motor vehicles and other driving offences provided a sense of emotional comfort to Mr Shaw in times of distress. He has had previous court disposals to hospital following driving offences and was followed up by the Lanarkshire forensic team for many years, and in particular by Dr Campbell. His engagement with mental health services broke down when Dr Campbell changed employment.

He has also been under the care of Glasgow forensic services and Lanarkshire Adult Psychiatry services, but engagement with him proved difficult and he was frequently non-compliant with treatment.

He has previous admissions to hospital where has presented in similar distress. He also has one previous overdose.

Personal and background history

Mr Shaw reports that he was resident at his current address for the past 9 months because he wanted to escape from previous associates and friends who were harassing him. He has never been married and has no children. He is in receipt of social benefits and reports that he also sells cars for friends and other associates from time to time. He reported that he has been in a long term relationship with a Moira Duggan for the past 35 years, but that they have never lived together. He initially told me that he has a 28 year old daughter but it later transpired that this woman was the daughter of a friend who has since died. The woman reported that he often makes unsolicited contact with her.

He was born in Bellshill and raised in Hamilton by his parents. He had 3 older brothers who were 15, 17 and 18 years older than him. He reported good relationships with all except with brother Duncan (15 years older) who he said sexually and physically abused him. He refused to give any details. He said that his father drank a lot and was abusive to his mother but that he was "not a bad man" and that they had a happy marriage. He was also blamed by his older brother for the death of his mother.

His mother was a cleaner and his father worked in the steelworks. He was very close to his mother. She died at the age of 45 years when he was 8. He said that he was neglected by his father who was frequently intoxicated after this. At the age of 12 years, he was placed in Geilsland list D school. He denied any abuse but reported that he was felt afraid for his safety from the other boys. He said that they were occupied with many activities and did not receive any schooling. This is where he was allowed to learn to drive motor cars, after learning on tractors on a big estate.

He came into contact with police and social services from a young age due to his criminal behavior which including truanting, stealing and car related offences. He claimed that the first car he stole was his brother's and that this was in retaliation for abusing him.

His father died from lung cancer. Mr Shaw previously had good contact with his close and extended family. This seems to have dissipated over the years to the present where he has no contact with any family members.

In the past few years he appears to have led an itinerant lifestyle staying with various family members and friends for varying periods.

Alcohol and drugs

He reported that he uses illicit drugs to try and block the voices. Previous to his admission he was using cocaine 3 to 4 times per week, as well as valium but does not believe that the valium was effective.

Forensic history

He has numerous charges mostly related to motor car offences. In all he has had about 39 court appearances. Charges have included, housebreaking, theft, theft of motor vehicle, resetting of motor vehicles, motor traffic offences, breach of bail, fraud, attempts to pervert the course of justice, assault, assault to injury and permanent disfigurement, forgery and counterfeit. He does not appear to have any offences related to weapons.

He has spent several custodial periods, a large part of his adult life, in prison. His motor vehicle offending is related to his mental illness and emotional distress and serves as means relieving the stress around these. His last conviction was in June 2013 for road traffic offences and he was released in December 2014.

Admission to Iona Ward

There was never any objective evidence of psychosis observed on the ward by nursing staff. Reports were that his interaction with other patients and visitors, whilst unobtrusively observed, were appropriate. When discussing his symptoms with staff, he would become distressed, tearful and agitated, sometimes rocking to and fro in a regressive manner whilst talking. He would talk about his delusional beliefs relating to aliens, voices and various people and armies pursuing him with harmful intent. He made frequent references to the "chip" implanted in his brain.

He declined to engage with staff and other patients in activities on the ward and tended to isolate himself from others in his room.

This pattern of engagement continued throughout the assessment period.

He reported the following at varied times throughout his admission. He said that he has suffered from voices from a young age and that they (the voices) were responsible for the deaths of his parents, his friend and Dr Campbell his previous consultant. He believed that Dr Campbell was killed [by the voices] because he had revealed too much to her. He said that his interaction with

